

Data protection statement¹ on the processing of personal data in the case management for complaints filed with the Data Protection Board by external data subjects

Protecting your privacy is of the utmost importance to the European Patent Office (EPO). We are committed to protecting your personal data and ensuring respect for data subjects' rights when performing our tasks and providing our services. All data of a personal nature that identify you directly or indirectly will be processed lawfully, fairly and with due care.

The processing operations described below are subject to the EPO Data Protection Rules ([DPR](#)).

The information in this statement is provided in accordance with Articles 16 and 17 DPR.

Principal Directorate 5.2 Legal Affairs (PD 5.2, or Legal Affairs) provides in-house case management and legal services to the delegated controller when a data subject (who is not an EPO employee) files a complaint with the Data Protection Board against a decision of a delegated controller rejecting a request for review under Article 50 DPR. This data protection statement relates to the processing of personal data in the provision of such case management and legal services.

1. What is the nature and purpose of the processing operation?

Case-related information, including personal data, is collected, via pleadings and evidence submitted, from parties to proceedings, third parties (e.g. witnesses), publicly available sources (e.g. internet searches) or gathered during fact-finding activities when preparing a case. Such information is stored electronically in a document management system and in the electronic files kept by Legal Affairs. In some cases, paper files are created. Documents produced using case-related information may be exchanged between the parties to the case or submitted to consultative (Data Protection Board) or decision-making (controller) bodies. Personal data may also be shared within the Office for information or consultation purposes (e.g. for translations). When an external law firm is consulted, data may be shared outside of the Office.

Personal data are processed for the purpose of the EPO's administrative functioning, and particularly, in this specific context, for the purposes of:

- assisting and/or advising and/or representing the delegated controller in the proceedings before the Data Protection Board
- ensuring the availability of complaint files for later reference in the event of subsequent litigation
- archiving and statistical analysis

2. What personal data do we process?

The following types/categories of personal data may be processed:

- the data subject's role in the matter (e.g. as a claimant, delegated controller, representative, expert) and associated information
- personal information and contact details (e.g. name, email address)
- information on the case at hand and related documents, especially
 - o case reference
 - o information related to the data subject involved in the case (e.g. date of birth, nationality, relationship to the EPO, past grievances and complaints)
 - o the challenged decision and claims against it

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- information related to the substance of the matter, which, depending on the topic, may include personal data of a sensitive nature
- correspondence including requests, opinions, decisions, pleadings and documents submitted

3. Who is responsible for processing the data?

Personal data are processed under the responsibility of Principal Directorate 5.2 Legal Affairs.

Personal data are processed by EPO staff from Directorate 5.2.3 Institutional Affairs, Legal and Unitary Patent Division involved in the activities referred to in this statement. Personal data are also processed by EPO staff from Directorate 4.4 General Administration (language services), especially for translations.

External contractors involved in the provision and maintenance of tools and services necessary for the activities described above, such as Microsoft, Thomson Reuters and OpenText may also process personal data, which may include accessing them.

4. Who has access to your personal data and to whom are they disclosed?

EPO staff in PD 5.2 Legal Affairs have access to the personal data described above.

Personal data may be disclosed on a need-to-know basis to other departments for fact-finding, information and/or consultation, e.g. to departments involved in the conduct of the proceedings. This may especially be the case with another EPO department that acts as a delegated controller and whose decision has been the subject of a complaint to the Data Protection Board, within the EPO's hierarchy (VP5 assisted by the Chief International and Legal Officer (CILO) and President), Principal Directorate 0.8 Employment Law and Social Dialogue Advice or Directorate 4.4 General Administration.

Personal data may also be disclosed to individuals outside of the EPO, for example to members of the Data Protection Board or to external attorneys.

Personal data may be disclosed to third-party service providers for the provision and maintenance of tools and services necessary for the activities described above, such as Microsoft, Thomson Reuters and OpenText.

Personal data will only be shared with authorised persons responsible for the necessary processing operations. They will not be used for any other purposes or disclosed to any other parties.

5. How do we protect and safeguard your personal data?

We take appropriate technical and organisational measures to safeguard and protect your personal data from accidental or unlawful destruction, loss or alteration and unauthorised disclosure or access.

All personal data are stored in secure IT applications in accordance with the EPO's security standards. Appropriate levels of access are granted individually only to the above-mentioned recipients.

For systems hosted on EPO premises, the following basic security measures generally apply:

- user authentication and access control (e.g. role-based access to the systems and network, need-to-know and least-privilege principles)
- logical security hardening of systems, equipment and network
- physical protection: EPO access controls, additional access controls to the data centre, policies on locking offices
- transmission and input controls (e.g. audit logging, systems and network monitoring)
- security incident response: 24/7 monitoring for incidents, on-call security expert

In principle, the EPO operates a paperless policy management system. However, if paper files containing personal data need to be stored on EPO premises, they are locked in a secure location with a restricted access.

For personal data processed on systems not hosted on EPO premises, the EPO has carried out a privacy and security risk assessment. The providers that process the personal data have committed in a binding agreement to comply with their data protection obligations under the applicable data protection legal frameworks. The EPO has also carried out a privacy and security risk assessment.

These providers are required to have implemented appropriate technical and organisational measures, such as:

- physical security measures, access and storage control measures, securing data at rest (e.g. by means of encryption)
- user, transmission and input control measures (e.g. network firewalls, network intrusion detection system (IDS), network intrusion protection system (IPS), audit logging); conveyance control measures (e.g. securing data in transit by means of encryption)

6. How can you access, rectify and receive your data, request that your data be erased, or restrict/object to processing? Can your rights be restricted?

Restrictions of data subject rights could result from the following legal provision:

- Circular 420, Article 4(1)(c) “pursuant to Article 25(1)(a), (b), (c), (e), (f), (g) and (h) DPR when processing personal data (...) in connection with the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims involving the EPO or its subordinate bodies, including arbitration, in order to preserve confidential information and documents obtained from the parties, interveners or other legitimate sources”.

As a data subject you have the right to access, rectify and receive your personal data, not to be subject to a decision based solely on automated processing, to have your data erased and to restrict and/or object to the processing of your data (Articles 18 to 24 DPR).

The right to rectification only applies to inaccurate or incomplete factual data processed in the context of the EPO's tasks, duties and activities. It does not apply to subjective statements, including those made by third parties. The right to erasure does not apply where the processing is required for compliance with a legal obligation to which the controller is subject. With regard to the right of access, where the EPO considers it necessary to protect the confidentiality of internal deliberations and decision-making, certain information may be deleted from the copy of personal data provided to the data subject.

If you would like to exercise any of these rights, write to DPOexternalusers@epo.org if you are an external user; otherwise contact the delegated data controller at pdlegalaffairs-dpl@epo.org. In order to enable us to respond more promptly and precisely, you always need to provide certain preliminary information with your request. We therefore encourage you to fill in this [form](#) (for externals) or this [form](#) (for internals) and submit it with your request.

We will reply to your request without undue delay and in any event within one month of receiving it. However, Article 15(2) DPR provides that this period may be extended by two further months where necessary in view of the complexity and number of requests received. We will inform you of any such delay.

7. What is the legal basis for processing your data?

Personal data are processed on the basis of Article 5 DPR:

- (a) processing is necessary for the performance of a task carried out in the exercise of the official activities of the European Patent Organisation or in the legitimate exercise of the official authority

vested in the controller, including processing which is necessary for the Office's management and functioning

Personal data are processed on the basis of the following legal instruments:

- Article 21(1)(h) and Article 32a(3) of the Service Regulations
- Article 50 DPR

8. For how long do we keep your data?

Personal data will be kept only for the time needed to achieve the purposes for which they are processed.

In the absence of a specific reason to retain a file, the following applies:

- cases that proceeded to resolution by arbitration:
 - o 10 years after the arbitrator's final decision was pronounced, the parts of the file relating to the precedent stages of litigation are destroyed.
 - o 15 years after the arbitrator's final decision was pronounced, all the remaining parts of the file are destroyed.
- other cases:
 - o 10 years after the closing of the complaint stage by withdrawal, unchallenged final decision or amicable settlement, all parts of the file other than the Data Protection Board's opinion and the final decision on the complaint are destroyed.
 - o 15 years after the closing of the complaint stage by withdrawal, unchallenged final decision or amicable settlement, all the remaining parts are destroyed.

The above retention periods apply to both electronic and paper files.

An index of cases with limited personal data categories (reference, name, status) is kept indefinitely.

Possible archiving activities are addressed in a separate data protection statement.

In the event of a formal appeal/litigation, all data held when the formal appeal/litigation was initiated will be retained until the proceedings have been concluded or until the end of the aforementioned retention period, whichever is the longer.

9. Contact information

External data subjects who have any questions about the processing of their personal data should contact the DPO and/or the delegated data controller at DPOexternalusers@epo.org. EPO employees should contact the delegated data controller at pdlegalaffairs-dpl@epo.org or the data protection officer at dpo@epo.org.

Review and legal redress

If you consider that the processing infringes your rights as a data subject, you have the right to request review by the controller under Article 49 DPR and, if you disagree with the outcome of the review, the right to seek legal redress under Article 50 DPR.