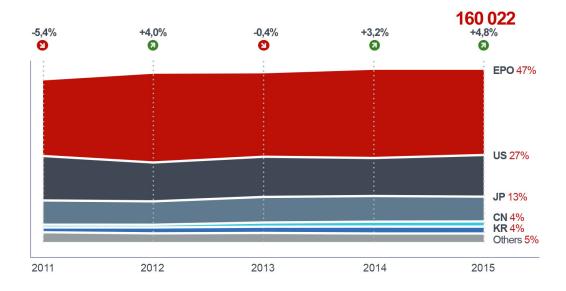


European patent applications

Total applications

Patent applications at the EPO also grew in 2015, to reach 160 000. This was an increase of 4,8% over 2014, and the highest ever number. The total applications included close to 98 300 international Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) filings which entered the European regional phase (becoming European applications) in 2015, and some 61 700 European patent applications filed directly at the EPO under the European Patent Convention (EPC).



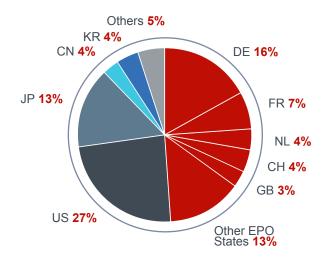
Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase). Statistics are based on the first-named applicant.

EPO: the 38 member states of the European Patent Organisation, including EU28



European patent applications per country of origin

Almost half of all European patent applications came from the EPO member states, followed by the US, Japan, South Korea and China. Applications from Europe grew modestly overall, with marked differences among the larger economies.,The most significant growth came from Italy, the UK, Spain, the Netherlands and Switzerland. France grew moderately, while Germany and some of the Nordic countries filed fewer applications. The US and China were the main drivers of growth for applications. Growth from South Korea was moderate and Japanese companies filed fewer applications.



Country	2015	2014	Change
• US	42 692	36 668	16,4%
• DE	24 820	25 633	-3,2% 🕙
• JP	21 426	22 118	-3,1% 🔕
Other EPO states	21 271	20 790	2,3%
• FR	10 781	10 614	1,6% 🗷
Others	7 675	7 486	2,5% 🗷
• NL	7 100	6 874	3,3% 🕢
• CH	7 088	6 910	2,6% 🕢
• KR	6 411	6 166	4,0%
• CN	5 721	4 680	22,2% 🕢
• GB	5 037	4 764	5,7%

Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase). Statistics are based on the first-named applicant.

EPO: the 38 member states of the European Patent Organisation, including EU28



Top technical fields

Medical technology was still the field where the most applications were filed and was also one of the fastest growing areas. Other fields with strong growth were Engines, pumps and turbines, Pharmaceuticals, Measurement and Computer technology. Only Transport and Electrical machinery and energy showed a slowdown in the number of applications.

1. Medical technology



12 474 +11,0% 2. Digital communication



10 762 +3.2% **2** 3. Computer technology



10 549 +7.8% **2** 4. Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy



10 198 -1,8% **5** 5. Transport



7 802 -1,6% **∑**

6. Measurement



7 727 +8,0% **2**

7. Organic fine chemistry



6 414 +2,1% **2** 8. Engine, pumps, turbines



6 374 +17,9% **2** 9. Biotechnology



6 048 +5,1% **2** 10. Pharmaceuticals



5 884 +9,6% **2**

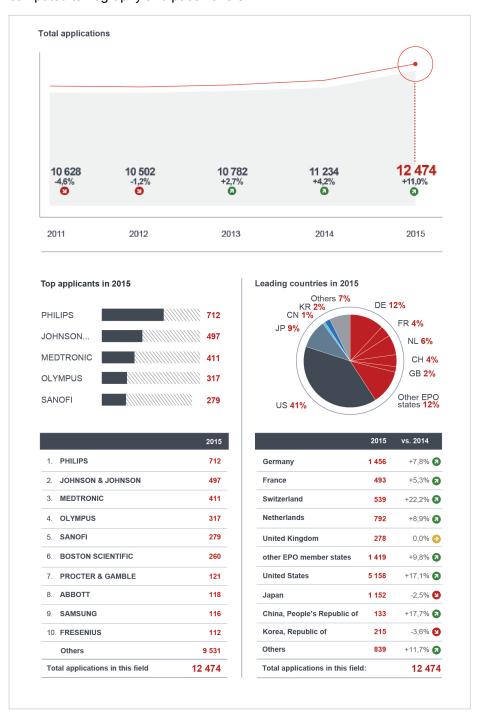
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 $Based \ on \ the \ WIPO \ IPC-Technology \ concordance. \ Methodology \ available \ at: \ http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/patents/pdf/wipo_ipc_technology.pdf$



Medical technology

The field of Medical technology covers medical instruments for diagnosis, treatment of diseases and surgery. Technologies included in this field are, for example, vaccination instruments, prostheses, surgical robots, computed tomography and pacemakers.

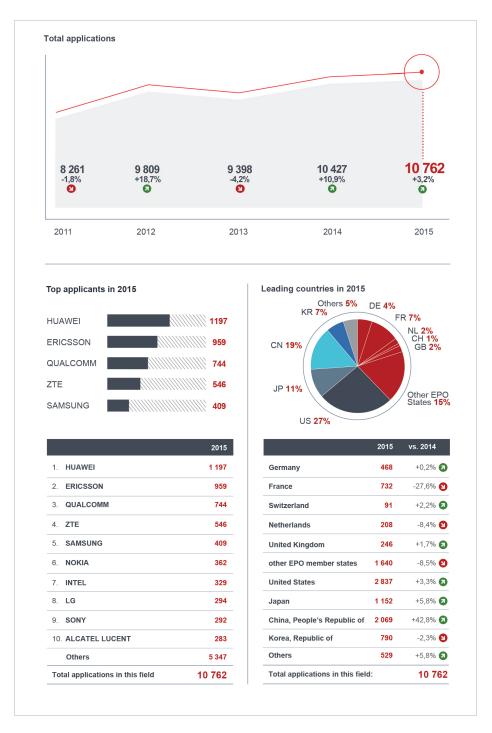




Digital Communication

This field encompasses basic electronic circuitry and electronic communication.

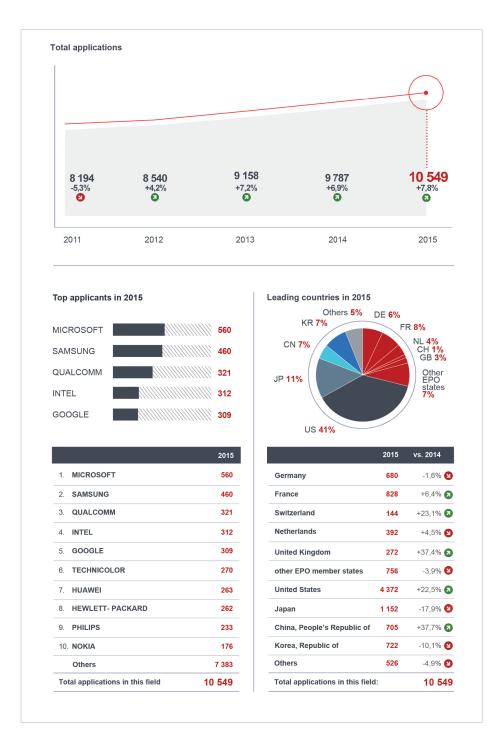
The field includes, for example, amplifiers, decoders and telegraphic communication.





Computer technology

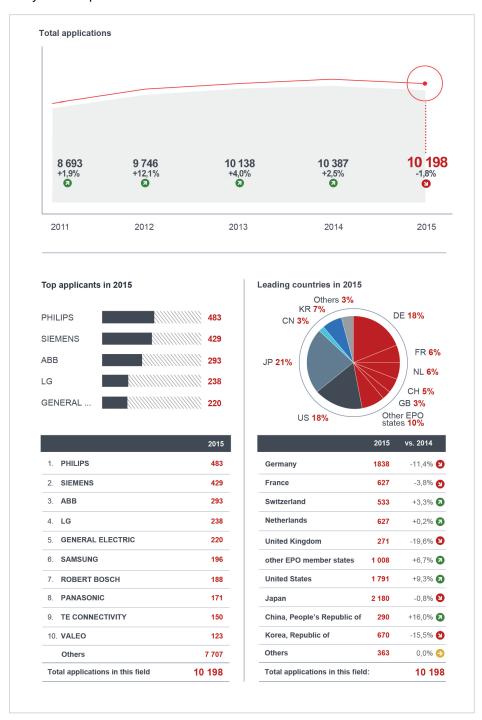
This field encompasses computing, calculating and counting devices. It includes, for example, digital computers and data processing systems.





Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy

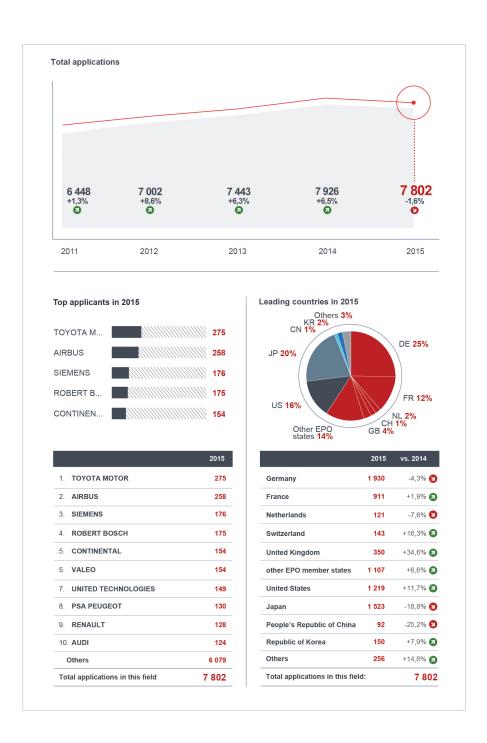
This field encompasses lighting devices, power and electric energy supply systems, basic electric elements and techniques. Some specific examples of technologies in this field are power cables, magnets, relays and x-rays techniques.





Transport

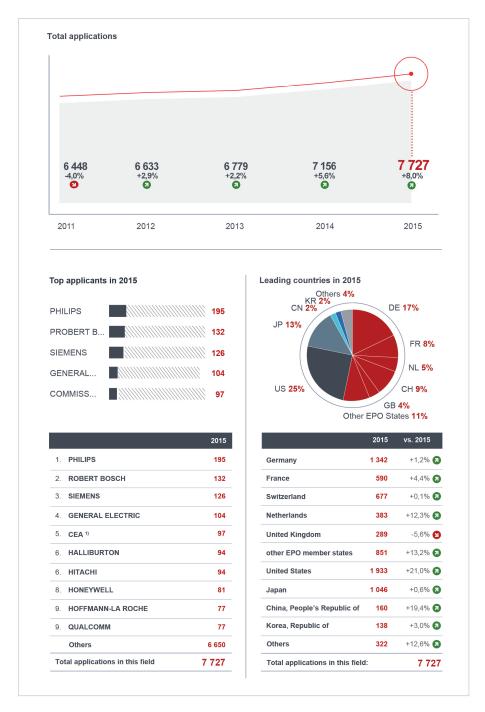
This field encompasses vehicles, and more specifically vehicle tyres, wheels, windows and roofs, railway systems.





Measurement

This field encompasses horology, devices for measuring position and displacement, more specifically clocks and watches, navigation systems, volume, liquid and sound measuring devices.

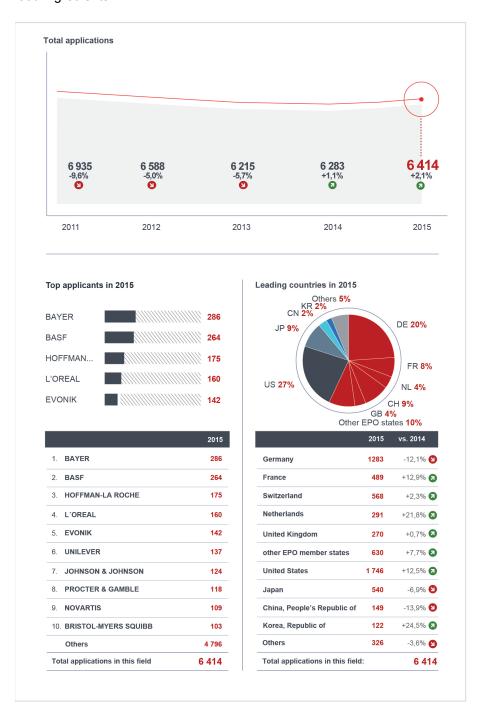


¹⁾ Commissariat à l'énergie atomique et aux énergies alternatives
Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the
European phase). Statistics are based on the first-named applicant.



Organic fine chemistry

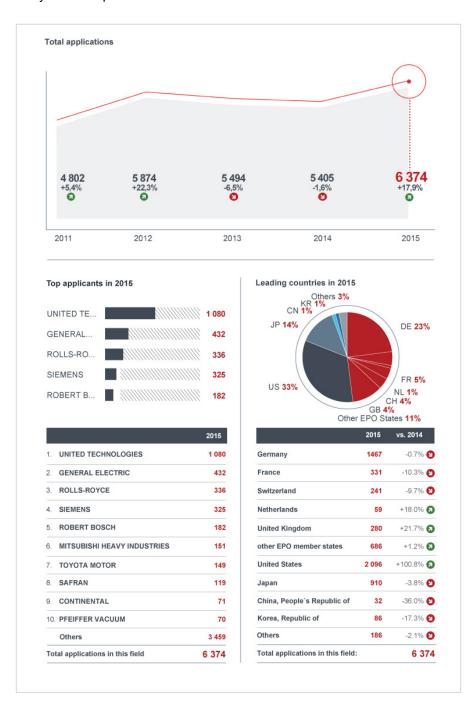
This field encompasses organic pure substances, combinatorial chemistry, and preparations for medical, dental and hygiene uses. It includes, for example, steroids, sugars, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals and food ingredients.





Engines, pumps, turbines

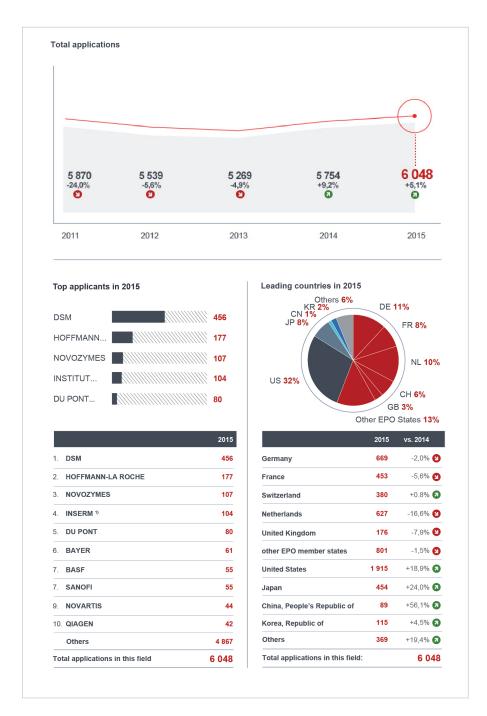
This field encompasses combustion engines, engines and pumps for liquids, eolic energy, nuclear physics and engineering. It covers, for example, gas-turbine plants, pumps and pistons, fusion and nuclear reactors, x-ray microscopes and wind motors.





Biotechnology

This field encompasses peptides, microbiology and genetic engineering. Included in the field are, for example, genetically modified organisms, brewing of beers, preparation of wine and vinegar.

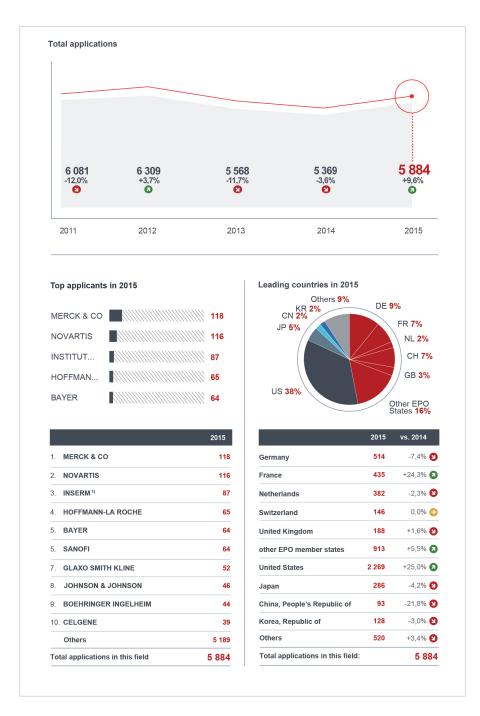


¹⁾ Institut national de la santé et de la recherche médicale



Pharmaceuticals

This field encompasses preparations for medical, dental or hygiene purposes, for example emulsions, dragees and amalgams.



¹⁾ Institut national de la santé et de la recherche médicale



All technical fields

Technical Field		2015	2014	Change
	Electrical machinery, apparatus, energy	10 198	10 387	-1,8%
	Audio-visual technology	4 250	3 876	9.6% 🕢
	Telecommunications	3 892	3 528	10.3% 🕢
Electrical engineering	Digital communication	10 762	10 427	3.2% 🕢
Liectrical engineering	Basic communication processes	983	980	0.3%
	Computer technology	10 549	9 787	7.8% 🗷
	IT methods for management	1 922	2 059	-6.7% 😢
	Semiconductors	2 878	2 996	-3.9% 🙎
	Optics	3 469	3 513	-1.3% 🕙
	Measurement	7 727	7 156	8% 🕢
Instruments	Analysis of biological materials	1 339	1 235	8.4% 🕢
	Control	2 455	2 267	8.3% 🕢
	Medical technology	12 474	11 234	11% 🕢
	Organic fine chemistry	6 414	6 283	2.1% 🕢
	Biotechnology	6 048	5 754	5.1% 🕢
	Pharmaceuticals	5 884	5 369	9.6% 🕢
	Macromolecular chemistry, polymers	3 553	3 672	-3.2% 🕙
	Food chemistry	1 661	1 644	1% 🕢
Chemistry	Basic materials chemistry	4 885	4 347	12.4% 🕢
	Materials, metallurgy	3 149	3 112	1.2% 🕢
	Surface technology, coating	2 334	2 322	0.5% 🕢
	Micro-structural and nanotechnology	145	267	-45.7% 😢
	Chemical engineering	3 545	3 670	-3.4%
	Environmental technology	1 954	2 014	-3% 🕙

Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase)

 $Based \ on \ the \ WIPO \ IPC-Technology \ concordance \ . \ Methodology \ available \ at: \ http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/technology_concordance.html$



All technical fields

Technical Field		2015	2014	Change
	Handling	4 143	3 782	9.5% 🕢
	Machine tools	3 478	3 356	3.6% 🕢
	Engines, pumps, turbines	6 374	5 405	17.9% 🕢
Mechanical engineering	Textile and paper machines	2 304	2 252	2.3% 🕢
wechanical engineering	Other special machines	5 033	4 732	6.4% 🕢
	Thermal processes and apparatus	2 581	2 499	3.3% 🕢
	Mechanical elements	4 301	3 878	10.9% 🕢
	Transport	7 802	7 926	-1.6% 🕙
	Furniture, games	2 951	2 748	7.4% 🕙
Other fields	Other consumer goods	3 347	3 220	3.9% 🕢
	Civil engineering	4 886	4 667	4.7% 🕢
Not classified		352	339	3.8% 🕢
Total		160 022	152 703	

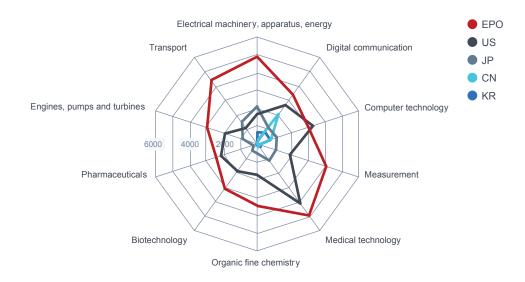
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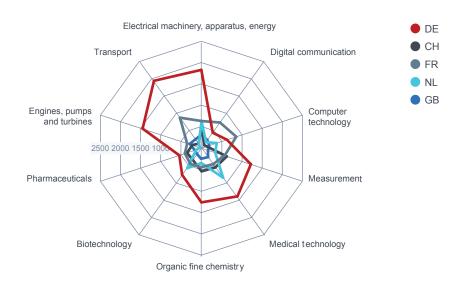


Country profile - EPO in a worldwide context

European companies filed the most applications in eight of the ten most active fields of technology, with US companies leading in the remaining two, Medical technology and Computers.



Country profile - EPO member states - top 5



Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase)

Based on the WIPO IPC-Technology concordance. Methodology available at: http://www.wipo.int/ipstats/en/statistics/patents/pdf/wipo_ipc_technology.pdf EPO: the 38 member states of the European Patent Organisation, including EU28.

Statistics are based on the first-named applicant.

More information on 2015 statistics at www.epo.org/statistics-indicators2015



Ratio per million of inhabitants

The inventiveness of Europe's leading economies is also reflected in the ratio of European patent applications to population. Switzerland (with 873 applications per million inhabitants), the Netherlands (419) and some of the Nordic countries topped the list again in 2015. Japan (169) was the first non-European country in the ranking with a ratio higher than the EU average (132), and also ahead of the US (133), South Korea (130) and China (4).

Rank	Country	Applications per mio inhabitants	Population	Applications
1.	Switzerland	872.7	8 121 830	7 088
2.	Netherlands	418.9	16 947 904	7 100
3.	Sweden	391.7	9 801 616	3 839
4.	Finland	365.2	5 476 922	2 000
5.	Denmark	354.8	5 581 503	1 930
6.	Germany	307.0	80 854 408	24 820
7.	Austria	229.9	8 665 550	1 992
8.	Belgium	180.2	11 323 973	2 041
9.	Japan	168.8	126 919 659	21 426
10.	France	162.0	66 553 776	10 781
11.	Israel	136.7	8 049 314	1 100
12.	United States	132.8	321 368 864	42 692
13.	Korea, Republic of	130.5	49 115 196	6 411
14.	Ireland	119.0	4 892 305	582
15.	Norway	98.3	5 207 680	512
16.	United Kingdom	78.6	64 088 222	5 037
17.	Singapore	68.9	5 674 472	391
18.	Italy	64.3	61 855 120	3 979
19.	Slovenia	59.5	1 983 412	118
20.	Chinese Taipei	53.8	23 415 126	1 260
21.	Canada	46.9	35 099 836	1 645
22.	New Zealand	42.4	4 438 393	188

Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase)

Source of population figures: U.S. Census Bureau, International Data Base.

Statistics are based on the first-named applicant.



Ratio per million of inhabitants

Rank	Country	Applications per mio inhabitants	Population	Applications
23.	Australia	36.0	22 751 014	819
24.	Spain	31.7	48 146 134	1 527
25.	Cyprus	31.1	1 189 197	37
26.	Estonia	25.3	1 265 420	32
27.	Czech Republic	20.0	10 644 842	213
28.	Poland	14.7	38 562 189	568
29.	Latvia	14.6	1 986 705	29
30.	Lithuania	13.5	2 884 433	39
31.	Portugal	12.7	10 825 309	137
32.	Qatar	10.9	2 194 817	24
33.	Hong Kong	10.4	7 141 106	74
34.	Hungary	10.0	9 897 541	99
35.	Slovakia	8.8	5 445 027	48
36.	Greece	8.0	10 775 643	86
37.	Mauritius	6.7	1 339 827	9
37.	Puerto Rico	6.7	3 598 357	24
39.	Saudi Arabia	6.6	27 752 316	182
40.	Turkey	5.6	79 414 269	447
41.	United Arab Emirates	4.7	2 165 165	8
42.	Bulgaria	4.6	7 186 893	33
43.	China	4.2	1 367 485 388	5 721
44.	Uruguay	2.7	3 341 893	9
45.	Croatia	2.0	4 464 844	9
46.	Malaysia	1.8	30 513 848	56
46.	South Africa	1.8	53 675 563	98
48.	Chile	1.7	17 508 260	29
49.	Russian Federation	1.6	142 423 773	230
50.	Romania	1.5	21 666 350	33

Analysis based on European patent applications filed with the EPO (Direct European applications and International (PCT) applications entering the European phase)

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